quantity of field-ice. S. S. "Hohenstaufen," from N. 43° 28′, W. 48° 26′, to N. 42° 56′, W. 49° 25′, passed through large fields of ice and saw several icebergs. S. S. "Ohio," in N. 44° 40′, W. 45° 40′, saw an iceberg; at midnight fell in with field-ice, and got clear of it on the 24th in N. 42° 36′, W. 50° 00′. S. S. "Gloucester," in N. 44° 02′, W. 47° 18′, sighted numerous icebergs and field-ice; steamed southward, and on the the 24th was surrounded by field-ice; had port bow damaged. Bark "Geo. Peabody" was abandoned in the ice in N. 42° 22′, W. 48° 57′, with bows stove and rudder damaged. S. S. "Circassian," in N. 43° 50′, W. 46° 05′, passed a large quantity of field-ice; to the northward the ice appeared closely packed, with several large bergs amongst it.

24th.—S. S. "Ohio," in N. 42° 30′, W. 51° 00′, passed an

24th.—S. S. "Ohio," in N. 42° 30′, W. 51° 00′, passed an iceberg about seventy-five feet high and a quarter of a mile long. S. S. "Circassian," in N. 43° 21′, W. 47° 17′, passed a large iceberg; in N. 43° 10′, W. 49° 06′, met light field-ice, and in N. 42° 20′, W. 51° 00′, sighted an iceberg to the north-

ward.

25th.—S. S. "California," in N. 42° 05′, W. 49° 45′, passed an iceberg and some field-ice. S. S. "Wieland," in N. 42° 13′,

W. 50° 20′, passed some field-ice.

26th.—S. S. "State of Alabama," in N. 44° 13′, W. 48° 56′, fell in with large quantities of field-ice, which extended to N. 42° 31′, W. 49° 31′; also passed several icebergs. S. S. "Servia," in N. 43° 14′, W. 48° 13′, passed several icebergs and much field-ice. S. S. "Pennland," from N. 43° 34′, W. 48° 37′, to N. 42° 10′, W. 50° 36′, passed six icebergs and large fields of ice. S. S. "Rhein," in 44° 25′, W. 45° 37′, passed a large iceberg; also in N. 43° 53′, W. 48° 40′, passed fifteen others; in N. 43° 45′, W. 49° 10′, met an enormous field of ice—could not see open water; the field was about thirty-six miles in length.

27th.—S. S. "Azalea," in N. 47°, W. 44°, passed several

icebergs.

28th.—S. S. "Norseman," at Boston, reported that from N. 43° 30′ to N. 42°, and from W. 47° to W. 50°, she steamed along a solid wall of ice for a distance of one hundred and ten miles; at the same time a large number of icebergs were in sight, extending as far as the eye could reach; some of the bergs were apparently one hundred feet high. S. S. "Baltic," in N. 43° 32′, W. 47° 54′, passed an iceberg. Bark "Cuba," in N. 42° 33′, W. 51° 00′, passed twenty-five icebergs.

in N. 43° 32′, W. 47° 54′, passed an iceberg. Bark "Cuba," in N. 42° 33′, W. 51° 00′, passed twenty-five icebergs. 29th.—S. S. "Baltie," in N. 42° 42′, W. 50° 34′, passed a very large iceberg; also in N. 42° 36′, W. 51° 12′, passed several large bergs. S. S. "Catalonia," between N. 42° 35′, W. 50° 20′, and N. 42° 27′, W. 51° 32′, passed several icebergs and a large ice-field. S. S. "Labrador," in N. 42° 30′, W. 50° 20′, passed a number of icebergs and large field. S. S. "Labrador," in N. 42° 30′, W. 50° 20′, passed a number of icebergs and large field. S. S. "Labrador," in N. 42° 30′, W. 50° 20′, passed a number of icebergs and large field. S. S. "Labrador," in N. 42° 30′, W. 50° 20′, passed a number of icebergs and large field. S. S. "Labrador," in N. 42° 30′, W. 50° 20′, passed a number of icebergs and large field.

"Lord Gough," in N. 43°, W. 47°, passed five icebergs.

March, 1st.—S. S. "Azalea," in N. 42°, W. 50°, passed sev-

eral icebergs.

2d.—S. S. "Pavonia," between N. 42° 12′, W. 50° 20′, and N. 42° 05′, W. 50° 54′, passed seven icebergs. S. S. "Persian Monarch," in N. 44° 09′, W. 45° 00′, passed a number of icebergs. S. S. "Abyssinia," from N. 42° 50′, W. 48° 00′, to N. 42° 30′, W. 52° 10′, passed from sixty to seventy large and small icebergs and many detached pieces of ice.

3d.—S. S. "Geiser," in N. 43°, W. 52°, saw about twenty icebergs. S. S. "Rialto," between N. 44° 24′, W. 47° 02′, and

N. 43° 29′, W. 50° 50′, passed many icebergs.

S. S. "Main," between N. 42° 33′, W. 45° 08′, and N. 42° 24′, W. 51° 25′, passed a large number of icebergs and an ice-field about two miles long and twenty feet high; also several pieces of ice.

5th.—S. S. "Clintonia," in N. 45° 15', W. 45° 30', passed

five icebergs.

6th.—S. S. "Britannic," in N. 42° 16′, W. 48° 03′, passed an iceberg about seventy feet high and two hundred and fifty feet long; also in N. 42° 06′, W. 50° 13′, passed two small bergs. S. S. "The Queen," between N. 42° 52′, W. 48° 08′, and N. 42° 45′, W. 48° 55′, passed several large icebergs and The distribution of the mean temperatures of February, 1884,

a quantity of small ice. S. S. "Clintonia," in N. 43° 28′, W. 50° 30′, passed four large icebergs.

7th.—S. S. "Gallia," in N. 44° 00′, W. 43° 30′, passed an iceberg; also fifteen miles farther west passed a quantity of field-ice.

8th.—S. S. "Gallia," in N. 42° 34′, W. 47° 23′, passed an iceberg; also in N. 42° 10′, W. 51° 25′, passed another about twelve miles north of ship; also in N. 42° 08′, W. 51° 51′, passed three icebergs. S. S. "Furnessia," from N. 44° 26′, W. 44° 15′, to N. 44° 12′, W. 44° 42′, passed several small icebergs. S. S. "Italy," in N. 44° 20′, W. 45° 40′, passed several large icebergs. S. S. "Cornwall," between N. 43° 44′, W. 47° 10′, and N. 43° 20′, W. 50° 18′, passed a number of icebergs. S. S. "St. Laurent," in N. 44° 28°, W. 46° 07′, passed two icebergs; also in N. 43° 53′, W. 48° 25′, passed an ice-field.

bergs; also in N. 43° 53′, W. 48° 25′, passed an ice-field.
9th.—S. S. "Italy," in N. 42° 35′, W. 50° 22′, passed two icebergs. S. S. "St. Laurent," in N. 43° 30′, W. 50° 23′,

passed a small iceberg.

10th.—S. S. "Weser," at New York, reported, between N. 44° 30′ and 42° 30′ and W. 46° and 52°, passed numerous large icebergs. S. S. "Katie," in N. 43° 40′, W. 44° 43′, passed three icebergs, one of which was about forty feet and the others about thirty feet high.

12th.—S. S. "Grecian Monarch," in N. 42° 08', W. 50° 57',

passed three icebergs.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

[Expressed in degrees, Fahrenheit.]

The distribution of mean temperature over the United States and Canada, for February, 1884, is exhibited on chart iii. by the dotted isothermal lines.

In the following table are shown the normal temperatures for February, the mean temperatures for February, 1884, and the departures from the normal in the several geographical districts, as deduced from the records of the Signal Service:

Average temperatures for February, 1884.

Districts.	Average for Signal-Service	Comparison of Feb., 1884, with		
Instricta.	For several years,	For 1884.	the average for several years.	
N	-0	0,	0	
New England	28.2	31.6	3.4 above.	
Middle Atlantic states		40.5	4.0 above.	
South Atlantic states		54.9 66.0	5. rabove.	
Florida peninsula	53.1		3.6 above	
Western Gulf states	52.6	55.5	2.4 above,	
Rio Grande valley	63.6	54.3 65.6	I.7 above.	
Tennessee	44.4	47.3	2.0 above.	
Ohio valley		47·3 39·4	2.9 above. 2.8 above.	
Lower lake region	26.2	27.2	I.O above.	
Upper lake region	21.8	17.7	4.1 below.	
Extreme northwest	11.2	-1.1	12.3 below.	
Upper Mississippi valley		26.5	3.0 below.	
Missouri valley	25.6	16.4	9.2 below.	
Northern slope		12.8	11.3 below.	
Middle slope		31.2	2.9 below.	
Southern slope		50.4	1.3 above.	
Southern plateau		47.5	I.5 above.	
Northern plateau	32.4	27.2	5.2 below.	
North Pacific coast region	41.5	36,1	5.4 below.	
Middle Pacific coast region	50.0	47.6	2.4 below.	
South Pacific coast region	50.0	56.2	0.2 above.	
Mount Washington, N. H	6,2	14.1	7.9 above.	
Pike's Peak, Colo	3.4	2.6	o.8 below.	
Salt Lake City, Utah	31.4	31.3	O.I below.	

A line of normal temperatures extends from Lake Huron in a southwesterly direction to northern Arkansas and central Indian Territory, thence in a direction slightly north of west to Salt Lake City, Utah, and thence southwestward to the southern California coast. North of the line mentioned, the mean temperatures were below the normal, and south of it they were above. The departures below the normal were more marked than those above—ranging from 9° to 12° in the extreme northwest, northern slope, and Missouri valley. In the districts where the temperatures averaged above the normal, the departures were greatest in the middle and south Atlantic states, where they were 4°.6 and 5°.1, respectively. The distribution of the mean temperatures of February, 1884,

compared with that of the preceding month, shows a decided contrast in respect to departures from the normal. For January the districts of maximum departures below the normal were the Ohio valley, Tennessee, and the eastern Gulf states, while for February the mean temperatures in those districts averaged from 2°.4 to 2°.9 above the normal. In the extreme northwest, Missouri valley, and northern slope the mean temperatures for January averaged from 0°.9 above the normal in the last-named district to 3°.1 and 4°.2 below, respectively, in the Missouri valley and northern slope, while for February the departures in the same districts varied from 9°.2 to 12°.3 below the normal.

The general distribution of mean temperature and the districts of maximum departures from the normal for the month of February, in each year, from 1873 to 1883, inclusive, are as follows:

Districts.	Maximum departures.	Year.	Distribution.
		1873	Above the normal in the Gulf states, in the eastern parts of Kentucky and Tennessee, and the southern parts of Ohio and Indiana, from 1° to 4°; below the normal in the other districts east of the Bocky mountains, from 1° to 8°.
		1874	Normal in the upper Mississippi valley, lower lake region, and New England; below the normal in Minnesota and the Missourivalley; above the normal in the upper lake region, western Gulf states, and in the districts east of the Mississippi river south of the fortieth parallel.
Minnesota	$ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -17.0 \\ -15.2 \\ -13.5 \\ -12.3 \\ -9.1 \end{bmatrix} $	1875	Below the normal over the whole country, the departures being least on the Pacific coast and in the south Atlantic states,
Lower Missouri valley	+ 4.7 + 4.6 + 4.1 - 3.0 - 2.0	1876	Normal in the lower lake region; below the normal in Minnesota and the Saint Lawrence valley; above the normal in all other districts east of the Rocky mountains.
Minnesota Upper Mississippi valley Missouri valley Upper lake region Saint Lawrence valley Gulf states	+13.4 +11.5 +10.9 + 8.9 + 8.0 - 0.9	1877	Normal in the south Atlantic states; slightly below the normal in the Gulf states; above the normal in all other districts, the departures being least on the Pacific coast.
Minnesota Upper Missouri valley Upper lake region Lower Missouri valley Gulf states Rocky mountain stations	+18.7 +16.4 +10.7 + 8.9 - 2.6 - 2.3	ı878	Below the normal at the Rocky mountain stations and in the Gulf states; above the normal in all other districts, the departures being least in the south Atlantic states and on the Pacific coast.
Northern slope	+ 2.9 + 1.5 + 1.2 - 6.4 - 4.6 - 2.8 - 2.6	1879	Normal in the north Pacific coast region and southern slope; below the normal in all other districts east of the Rocky mountains, excepting the northern slope and Canadian maritime provinces; also below the normal in southern California; above the normal in the western plateau districts and middle Pacific coast region.
Lower lake region	+ 6.5 + 6.2 + 5.7 - 8.3 - 5.7 - 5.3	1880	Below the normal in the extreme northwest, Rio Grande valley, eastern Rocky mountain slope, and on the Pacific coast: above the normal in the lake region, Missouri, upper Mississippi, Ohio, and Saint Lawrence valleys, and in the states bordering on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.
Salt Lake City, Utah	+ 6.3 + 3.7 + 3.6 - 5.0 - 5.0	1881	Normal in New England, Florida, and the northern plateau; above the normal in the middle and southern plateau districts and on the Pacific coast; below the normal in all other districts east of the Rocky mountains, excepting New England and Florida.
Upper Mississippi valley Ohio valley Tennessee Middle plateau Northern plateau Middle Pacific coast region	+ 9.9 + 8.8 + 8.7 - 7.2 - 5.8 - 5.3	1882	Below the normal in the western plateau districts and on the Pacific coast; above the normal in all districts east of the Rocky mountains, the departures being least in New England and Florida.
Fiorida peniusula South Atlautic states Eastern Gulf states Northern plateau Middle slope Northern slope	+ 6.5 + 4.3 + 3.9 -16.6 -12.8 - 8.8	1883	Normal in the Ohio valley: above the normal in Tennessee and in the middle and south Atlantic and eastern Gulf states; below the normal in all other districts, the departures being least in New England and the southern plateau.

The following are some of the highest and lowest monthly mean temperatures reported from the Signal Service stations:

Stations reporting highest.	Stations reporting lowest.
Key West, Florida 72. Rio Grande City, Texas. 66. Sanford, Florida. 65. Brownsville, Texas. 64. Cedar Keys, Florida 63. Jacksonville, Florida 62. New Orleans, Louisiana 60. Galveston, Texas. 60. Pensacola, Florida 58. Savannah, Georgia 58. Yuma, Arizona 57. Mobile, Alabama 57.	Moorhead, Minnesots.

MONTHLY RANGES OF TEMPERATURE.

The monthly ranges of temperature were greatest in the northern parts of Dakota, Montana and Idaho, in southeastern Colorado, and over an area including central-southern Oregon and northeastern California. They were least at stations along the coasts of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and Gulf of Mexico.

Stations reporting monthly ranges of 70° or more are as follows: West Las Animas, Colorado, 94°; Fort Bidwell, California, 88°; Forts Buford and Yates, Dakota, and Fort Shaw, Montana, 85°; Fort Klamath, Oregon, 84°; Fort Bennett, Dakota, 83°; Cœur d'Alene, Idaho, 80°; North Platte, Nebraska, Linkville, Oregon, and Fort Spokane, Washington Territory, 79°; Fort Custer, Montana, and Cheyenne, Wyoming, 78°; Deadwood, Dakota, 77°; Huron, Dakota, and Denver, Colorado, 76°; Yankton, Dakota, 75°; Cantonment, Indian Territory, 74°; Fort Elliott, Texas, Lewiston, Idaho, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and Bismarck, Dakota, 73°; Helena, Montana, and Port Huron, Michigan, 72°; Lake View, Oregon, Dodge City, Kansas, Detroit, Michigan, and Erie, Pennsylvania, 70°.

Monthly ranges of 45° or less occurred at the following stations: Oswego, New York, and Pensacola, Florida, 45°; Willcox, Arizona, New Orleans, Louisiana, Atlantic City, New Jersey, Smithville and Hatteras, North Carolina, Block Island, Rhode Island, 44°; Sanford, Florida, 43°; Los Angeles, California, Albany, New York, Point Judith, Rhode Island, Fort Macon, North Carolina, and Jacksonville, Florida, 42°; Portland, Maine, Chincoteague, Virginia, and Cape May, New Jersey, 41°; Cape Mendocino, California, Cedar Keys, Florida, and Eastport, Maine, 40°; Little Egg Harbor, New Jersey, 39°: San Francisco, California, 36°; Neah Bay, Washington Territory, 31°; Key West, Florida, 23°.

GREATEST DAILY RANGES OF TEMPERATURE.

The greatest daily ranges of temperature have varied in the different districts as follows:

New England.-From 26° at Eastport, Maine, and New London, Connecticut, on the 1st and 20th, respectively, to 32° at Provincetown, Massachusetts, on the 29th, and 44° on the summit of Mount Washington, New Hampshire, on the 20th.

Middle Atlantic states .- From 24° at Cape May, New Jersey, on the 28th, and at Atlantic City, New Jersey, on the 20th and 28th, to 30° at Cape Henry, Virginia, on the 14th.

South Atlantic states.—From 25° at Savannah, Georgia, on

the 22d, to 34° at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, on the 28th.

Florida peninsula.—From 14° at Key West, on the 27th, to 30° at Sanford, on the 28th.

East Gulf states .- From 23° at New Orleans, Louisiana, on

the 27th, to 34° at Montgomery, Alabama, on the 19th.

West Gulf states.—From 26° at Indianola, Texas, on the 13th, to 34° at Galveston, Texas, and Fort Smith, Arkansas, on the 13th and 25th, respectively.

Rio Grande valley.—From 40° at Rio Grande City, Texas,

on the 16th, to 42° at Brownsville, Texas, on the 13th.

Tennessee.—From 27° at Chattanooga, on the 14th, to 31° at Memphis and Nashville, on the 13th and 19th, respectively.

Table of maximum and minimum temperatures for February, 1884.

State or	Signal Serv	ice.	U. S. Army Post Surgeons, or Voluntary Observers.			
Territory.	Station.	Max.	Min.	Station.	Max.	Min.
Alabama	Mobile	70	0 29	Auburn	74	16
Do	Montgomery	81	22	Mt. Vernon Bar'ks	74 So	24
Arizona	Fort Apache	89 69	45 8	Fort Lowell	86	20
Arkansas,	Little Rock	76	17	Lead Hill	73	0
Do	Fort Smith Los Angeles	75 81	10 38	Mount Ida Borden	76	10
California	Fort Bidwell	67	21	Summit	97 43	28 - 7
Colorado	West Las Animas Pike's Peak	71	23	Fort Lyon	69	23
Connecticut		20 53	30	Gunnison	36 48	-27 I
Do	New London	52	3	Voluntown	55	0
Dakota	Yankton	52 45	—23 —40	Fort Pembina Fort Sully	34 57	-37 -30
Delaware	Del. Break water,	64	15			"
District of Columbia Florida	Washington City Key West	70 83	60	Rock Creek Bridge Archer	74 86	36
Do	Pensacola	74 78	29	Fort Barrancas	85	27
Georgia	Augusta Atlanta	78 73	24 II	Andersonville Forsyth	8r 78	26
DoIdaho	Cœurd'Alene	60	—20	Totoy th	73	20
Do	Lewiston		—ı\$	Culomila		_
Illinois Do	Cairo Chicago	53	- 3	Pole	39	8
Indiana	Indianapolis	65	— ž	Laconia	70	- 3 - 7
Do Indian Territory	Cantonment	74		Fort Wayne	57	7
Iowa	Des Moines	54	s	Logan	56	-10
Do Kansas	Dubuque Dodge City	42 65	8 5	West Bend Topeka	45 68	—23
Do	Leavenworth		_ ĭ	Allison	60	5 20
Kentucky	Louisville Shreveport	57 70 78	9	Frankfort	69 78	4 28
Louisiana Do	New Orleans	77	33	Liberty Hill	71	20
Maine	Portland Eastport	49	33	Cornish	47	_ §.,
Do Maryland	Baltimore	45 68	10	Orono	44 72	10
Do	Ocean City	55	15	Cumberland	62	3
Massachusetts Do	Boston Provincetown	59 49	3	Westborough Princeton	52	_ 2 _ 2
Michigan	Port Huron	64	6	Swartz Creek	52 61	—16
Po Minnesota	Mackinaw City Saint Paul	39 45	17 18	Fort Brady Chester	38 40	29 24
Do	Saint Vincent	30 80	37	Hastings	37	—26
Mississippi Missouri	Vicksburg Saint Louis,	64	23 7	Peirce City	70	6
Do		 	•	Conception	53	—10
Montana Do	Fort Assinaboine Fort Benton	42 53	—35 — 3 1	Fort Keogh	55 53	—38 —32
Nebraska	North Platte	59	20	Fort Niobrara	64	—3 5
Nevada	Omaha	55	-12	Fort Robinson Golconds	56 71	—39 —17
Do	**********			Halleck	52 48	45
New Hampshire	Mount Washington. Sandy Hook	39 62	—30 6	Bristol Vineland	48 67	— 2 IO
New Jerse) Do	Atlantic City	55	11	Somerville	55	0.5
New Mexico	Fort Craig Fort Stanton	7 0 68	9	Fort Union Fort Wingate	67 56	-2ī - 8
Do New York	New York City	61	4 2	Fort Niagara	57	— 3
Do	Buffalo	55	- ₁₈	Humphrey Chapel Hill	54	-15
North Carolina Do	Charlotte Scotts Hill	75 78	24	Highlands	70 64	16 4
Ohio	Cincinnati Cleveland	67 64	- 6 4	Waverly Hiram	78 60	0.5
Do Oregon ,	Roseburg	68	3	Alban v	66	—12 8
Do	Fort Klamath	50	—34	Fort Klamath Leetsdale	56	—3 0
Pennsylvania Do	Pittsburg Erie	70 63	— 3 — 7	Franklin	65 59	
Rhode Island	Block Island	54	10			
Do South Carolina	Charleston	47	9	Aiken	76	18
Do Tennessee	Knoxville	74	8	Stateburg Highland	75 72	21 13
Do	Nashville	72	10	Ashwood	70	Ţ
Texas Do	Rio Grande City Fort Elliott	92 74	33 2	Cleburne Clarksville	78 75	16
Utah	Salt Lake City	53	-13	Terrace	75 60	20
Do Vermont		•••••		Promontory Dorset	55 57	—32 — 1
Do		••••••		Burlington	49	19
Virginia Do	Cape Henry Lynchburg	74 69	19 11	Johnsontown Marion	76 68	19
Washington Territory	Fort Canby	68	16	Fort Spokane	49	0 —32
Do	Fort Spokane	47	—32	Fort Townsend	57 68	8
West Virginia Wisconsin,	Milwaukee,	45	-13	Helvetia Wausau	36	2 26
Do	La Crosse Cheyenne	43	—10 —28	Evansville Fort Bridger	47	—10
Wyoming	Caclenne	50	-20	Tota DildRet	44	39
()his nallow	Eller 959 at C			011		

Ohio valley .-- From 25° at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 4th, to 39° at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, on the 14th.

Lower lake region.—From 26° at Toledo, Ohio, Sandusky, Ohio, and Detroit, Michigan, on the 5th, 13th, and 14th, respectively, to 38° at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 20th.

Upper lake region.—From 27° at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the 27th, to 41° at Marquette, Michigan, on the 19th.

Extreme northwest.—From 38° at Fort Buford, Dakota, on the 28th, to 53° at Moorhead, Minnesota, on the 24th.

Northern slope.—From 32° at Helena, Montana, on the 17th, to 52° at Deadwood, Dakota, on the 17th.

Middle slope.—From 29° on the summit of Pike's Peak, Colorado, on the 19th, to 54° at West Las Animas, Colorado, on the 24th.

Southern slope.—From 38° at Fort Davis, Texas, on the 28th, to 46° at Fort Coucho, Texas, on the 25th.

Southern plateau.—From 26° at Fort Grant, Arizona, on the 22d, to 43° at Fort Apache, Arizona, on the 24th.

Middle plateau.—31° at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 15th. Northern plateau.—From 27° at Boisé City, Idaho, on the 14th, to 31° at Lewiston, Idaho, on same date.

North Pacific coast region .- From 25° at Portland, Oregon. on the 8th, and at Fort Canby, Washington Territory, on the 28th, to 32° at Olympia, Washington Territory, on the 13th, and at Roseburg, Oregon, on the 29th.

Middle Pacific coast region.—From 18° at San Francisco. California, on the 26th, to 36° at Red Bluff, California, on the 25th.

South Pacific coast region.—From 30° at Los Angeles, California, on the 23d, to 31° at Yuma, Arizona, on the 26th.

DEVIATIONS FROM MEAN TEMPERATURE.

The departures exhibited by the reports from the regular Signal Service stations are shown in the table of average temperatures for February, 1884. The following notes in connection with this subject are reported by voluntary observers:

Arkansas.—Lead Hill, Boone county: mean temperature, 38°.3, is 5°.1 below the February average of the two preceding

years.

Illinois.-Mattoon, Coles county: mean temperature, 33°.5, is 1°.5 above the February average of the last five years.

Riley, McHenry county: mean temperature, 20°.5, is 1°.9 below the February average of the last twenty-three years. The mean temperature of the winter season of 1883-4, is 17.08 or 3°.1 below the winter average of the last twenty-one years.

Anna, Union county: mean temperature, 38°.7, is 0°.6 below

the February average of the last nine years.

Indiana.—Wabash, Wabash county: mean temperature, 30°.5, is 3°.4 below the February average of the last eight years.

Kansas.—Fort Scott, Bourbon county, mean temperature, 32°.2, is 2°.4 below the February average of the last four

Independence, Montgomery county: mean temperature, 31°.0, is 4°.2 below the February average of the last thirteen years.

Wellington, Sumner county: mean temperature, 26°.6, is 7°.9 below the February average of the last five years.

Lawrence, Douglas county: mean temperature, 28°.0, is 5°.2 below the February average of the last seventeen years.

Maine.—Gardiner, Kennebec county: mean temperature, 25°.5, is 4°.8 above the February average of the last forty-eight years.

Maryland .- Fallston, Harford county: mean temperature, 37°.4, is 5°.1 above the February average of the last thirteen

Massachusetts.-Worcester, Worcester county: mean temperature, 28°.3, is nearly 3° above the February average of the last forty-five years. The highest February mean of that period, 33°.9, occurred in 1842; the lowest, 18°.1, occurred in 1849.

New Jersey.—South Orange, Essex county: mean temperature, 33°.2, is 3° above the February average of the last fourteen years.

Moorestown, Burlington county: mean temperature, 36°.6, is 5°.2 above the February normal.

New York.—Palermo, Oswego county: mean temperature, 23°.8, is 2°5 above the February average of the last thirty-one.

North Voluey, Oswego county: mean temperature, 26°.3, is 3°.6 above the average of the last sixteen years. The mean temperature of the winter season of 1883-4, is 23°.1 or 0°.3 above the winter average of the last sixteen years.

Ohio.—Wauseon, Fulton county: mean temperature, 26°.2, is 2° below the February average of the last fourteen years.

Texas.—New Ulm, Austin county: mean temperature, 56°.3, 0°.4 below the February average of the last twelve years. The highest February mean of that period, 62°.0, occurred in 1882; the lowest, 52°.6, occurred in 1883.

Virginia.—Variety Mills, Nelson county: mean temperature, 43°.4, is 3°.5 above the February average of the last seven years. Wytheville, Wythe county: mean temperature, 43°.1, is 6° above the February average of a period of twenty years.

West Virginia.—Helvetia, Randolph county: mean temperature, 40°.6, is 4°.3 above the February average of the last eight years.

LOW TEMPERATURES.

Atlanta, Georgia.—Very cold weather prevailed on the 11th; minimum temperature of that date, 11°.

Olympia, Washington Territory.—On the morning of the 11th the temperature fell to 2° at the signal office, and thermometers exposed on the hill in the southern part of the town showed a temperature of —5°, which is the lowest ever recorded in that locality.

Leadville, Colorado.—The 13th was the coldest day of the season; at 6 p. m. the thermometer indicated 30° below zero.

West Las Animas, Colorado.—A minimum temperature of —22°.7 occurred on the 14th, which is the lowest that has been recorded here since meteorological observations were begun in February, 1882.

Knoxville, Tennessee.—A minimum temperature of 7°.5 occurred on the 29th, which is the lowest recorded during February since 1873.

Milledgeville, Baldwin county, Georgia.—The minimum temperature on the last day of the month was 18°, which is remarkably low to occur at so late a date in this region.

Pensacola, Florida.—Very cold weather for the season prevailed on the 29th; minimum temperature, 29°.

Table of comparative minimum temperatures for the month of February.

State	Minimum for February, 1884, Signal Service.		Minimum since Signal-Service st opened—3 to 13 years	tations	Wêre	Lowest from any o	ther sou	rce.	
or Territory.	Station.	Temp.	Station.	Temp.	Year	Place,	Temp.	Year.	Length of Record.
Alabama	Montgomery	0 22	Montgomery	0 22	1875	Huntsville	-17		o years.
Do	Mobile	29	Mobile	28	75, 79	Mount Vernon Arsenal	13		32 ''
Arizona	Fort Apache	. 8	Prescott	-11	1880	Fort Canby (old)	-12		12 "
Arkansas	Fort Smith		Little Rock	22	1881	Fort Smith	- 4	1840	22 "
California	Cape Mendocino	28	Campo	10	1877	Fort Bidwell	-18	1868	19 "
Colorado	Pike's Peak	—30	Pike's Peak	—37	1875	Fort Garland	-23	-00-	30 "
Do	New Haven	—r5	New Haven	—20 — 4	1881	Fort Lewis	—36 —10	1880	86 "
Connecticut	New London	1 3	New London	- 4	1873	Colebrook	—10 —28	1861	
Dakota	Fort Buford		Pembina	-48	1870	Fort Abercrombie	-40	61, 69	14 "
Do	Fort Yates	-39	Fort Buford	-35	1879	Fort Pembina.	-45	1875	7 ''
Delaware	Delaware Breakwater	15	Delaware Breakwater,	7	1881	Dover	- 3	1875	0 "
District of Columbia	Washington City	9	Washington City	— I.5	1875	Washington City	- 5		49 "
Florida	Pensacola	29	Saint Marks	28	1875	Fort Barrancas	11	·	58 "
Georgia	Atlanta	[1	Atlanta	21 22	1881	Augusta Arsenai	— 2	1835	51 "
Do	Augusta Cœur d'Alene	24 —20	Augusta	-20	1875 1852	Atlanta	15 -13	1880	4 " 15 "
Idaho	Chicago		Chicago	—13	1875	Winnebago		1 1	12 "
Illinois Do	Cairo		Cairo	4	1875	Belvidere		1875	
Indiana	Indianapolis	— 2	Indianapolis	— ₹	1875	Spiceland	-31.5 -21	1800	5 ". 14 "
Indian Territory	Cantonment	— ī	Fort Supply	— 8	1881	Fort Arbuckle	— 4	'56, '57	20 "
Do	***************************************		Fort Gibson	5	1875	Fort Gibson	12		49 "
Iowa	Dubuque	— 8	Dubuque	—31 —16	1875	Guttenberg	-37	1858	11 "
Do	Davenport	4	Davenport	-10	1875	Brookside	-35	1868	• •
Капеав	Dodge City	— 5 — 1	Dodge City	-10	1881	Fort Riley	—18 —26		44
Do	Leavenworth	- I	Leaven worth	-9	'73,' 7 5	Fort Leavenworth Newport Barracks	—20 —20		50 '
Kentucky Louisiana	Shreveport	19	Shreveport	22	1875 75, 81	Fort Jesup	7		29 ."
Do	New Orleans	33	New Orleans	32.5	1875	Baton Rouge	10		57 "
Maine	Eastport.	00	Eastport	-20	1876	Brunswick	28		53 **
Do	Portland	8 8	Portland	7	74, 76	Gardin-r	-25		34 "
Maryland	Baltimore	10	Baltimore	2	1873	Fort McHenry	0	1875 1881	50 "
Do	Ocean City	15				Deer Park	—10	1881	1
Massachusetts	Boston	3	Boston	— 6.5i	187ó	Williamstown	20		61 "
Do	Provincetown	0	Springfield	- 6 j	1880	Lunenburg	26	-0	44
Michigan	Marquetta Escanaba	-29 -20	Escanaba	-32 -27	1875 1875	Fort Brady Ontonagon	-55 -37	1875	59
No	Saint Vincent	-20 -37	Saint Vincent	-35	1882	Fort Ripley	-37 -43	1.501	18 "
Do	Moorhead	30	Breckenridge	-34	75,79	Sibley	-37	1866	5 "
Mississippi	Vicksburg	23	Vickshurg	21	1875	Columbus	14		10 "
Missouri,	Saint Louis,	7	Saint Louis	— 3 i	1875	Saint Louis	-25	1835	44 ''
Montana	Fort Benton	—35	Fort Benton	—34	1873	Fort Ellis	53	1872	13 "
Nebraska	North Platte	-20	North Platte	—23	1881	Fort McPherson	-24	1S74	13 "
Ъо	Umana	-12	Omaha	—IÒ	1875 1882	Camp Sheridan	-29	1881	5 "
New Hampshire	Mount Washington	***************************************	Winnemucca	-17 -42	1876	Fort RubyStratford	—19 —37	1991	6 "
New Jersey	Sandy Hook	—30 6	Atlantic City	-42	1875	Newark	_3/ ₇	1861	14 "
Do!	Atlantic City	II.	Squan Beach	- 5 1	1875	Paterson	— 5		*** ··
New Mexico	Fort Stanton	4	Santa Fé	— š	79, 80	Fort Union	—21	1881	
New York	Buffalo	 ว่ เ	Albany	—ıš	1875	Sackett's Harbor	40	1861	8
Do	Rochester	61	Buffalo	-13	1875	Belleville	-34		15 .4
North Carolina	Charlotte	18	Wilmington		1875	Fort Johnson	3		58
Do	Kitty Hawk	21	Kitty Hawk	-12	1881 1875	Fort Macon	20	1838	ró "
Ohio Do	Sandusky	- 4	Sandusky	-11	1875	Hillsborough	18	1030	35 "
Oregon	Fort Klamath	- 3	Umatilla		1881	Camp Harney	-10	1868	53
Do	Portland	7	Portland	24	1875	Camp Warner	- 3		7
Pennsylvania	Erie	– 7	Erie	—ı6	1875	Lewisburg	-23	65?,67?	•
Do	Pittsburg	- 3	Pittsburg	-12	1875	Philadelphia	- 2		113 "
Rhode Island	Narragansett Pier	4	Newport	— 2	1881	Providence	10		35
South Carolina	Charleston	9	Charleston	20	1881	Charleston	22		105 "
_ Do	V =		17		-0	Fort Moultrie	0		38
Tennessee	Fort Elliott	8	KnoxvilleFort Elliott	- 1	1873	Glenwood CottageFort McKavett	- 4 8		28
Texas Do	Fort Davis	20	Fort Davis	- 6	1881	Canti Verde	9	r857	13 .
IItah	Salt Lake City	-13	Salt Lake City	- 3	1874	Fort Crittenden	- 6	-~3/	3 .
Vermont	THE ZERY CITY		Burlington	-18	881	Randoltih	-31	1868	š ,
Virginia.	Chincoteague	18	Fort Myer	ı i	1881	Alexandria	3	1855	5 .
Th.	Lynchburg		Lynchburg Spokane Falls	3	1875	Fortress Monroe	4		49
Washington Territory	Fort Spokane	-32	Spokane Falls	— 7	1881	Fort Colville	-20		15
West Virginia			Morgantown	-10	1875	Helvetia	6	1880	3
Wisconsin	La Crosse		La Crosse Milwaukee	-34 -32	1875 1875	Fort Howard	38 38	1823 1863	31,
Wyoming	Cheyenne	—13 —25	Choyenne	-32	1874	Superior City	38 40	1873	3 ·
Journe		-5			/4		+0	/3	-

FROSTS.

Frosts occurred in the various districts on the following dates:

New England.—1st to 29th.

Middle Atlantic states.—1st to 5th, 8th to 11th, 14th to 29th. South Atlantic states .- 2d, 3d, 15th, 16th, 18th to 22d, 24th

Eastern Gulf states.—2d, 15th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 24th, 25th,

29th.

Western Gulf states.—1st, 2d, 3d, 14th, 15th, 16th, 20th, 21st, 23d to 26th, 28th, 29th.

Tennessee.—1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, 9th, 13th to 16th, 19th to 29th. Ohio valley.—1st, 2d, 3d, 10th, 13th to 16th, 19th to 22d, 25th, 27th, 29th.

Lower lake region.—1st to 4th, 7th, 16th, 21st, 22d, 24th,

28th, 29th.

Upper lake region.—1st to 29th.

Extreme northwest.—1st to 29th.

Upper Mississippi valley.—1st to 29th.

Missouri valley.—1st to 29th. Northern slope.—1st to 29th.

Middle slope.—1st to 29th.

Southern slope.—9th, 28th.

Southern plateau.—9th, 10th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 17th, 19th to

Middle plateau.—1st to 29th.

Northern plateau.—1st, 6th, 7th, 8th, 10th to 14th, 25th to 29th.

North Pacific coast region.—1st to 18th, 23d, 26th to 29th. Middle Pacific coast region.—5th to 14th, 18th, 21st, 22d, 23d. 25th, 27th, 28th, 29th.

Frosts were also reported at Yuma, Arizona, on the 13th and 14th, and at Archer, Florida, on the 3d, 4th, 21st and 24th.

The following instances of damage to vegetation by frost have been reported:

Cleburne, Johnson county, Texas.—A heavy frost occurred

on the 1st, causing serious injury to the oat crop.

Wilmington, North Carolina.—A heavy frost occurred on E the 29th, damaging the fruit trees and early vegetation.

Milledgeville, Baldwin county, Georgia.—Vegetation in this part of the state was much retarded and seriously injured by the cold weather during the last half of the month, which was characterized by sudden changes of temperature.

Under the heading "ice in rivers and harbors" in this REVIEW the subject of ice formation in the northern sections of the country is considered. In the Southern states the following instances of ice formation have been reported:

Alabama.—Auburn, 15th, 20th, 28th, 29th; Green Springs,

28th, 29th.

Arizona. - Fort Grant, 13th, 14th.

California .- Red Bluff, 8th, 11th, 13th; Sacramento, 6th, 7th, 8th to 14th; Salinas City, 13th.

Florida.—Jacksonville, ice formed one and one-half inches in thickness on the 29th; Pensacola, 29th.

Georgia .- Atlanta, 28th.

North Carolina. Brevard, 16th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 24th to 29th; New River Inlet, 24th, 29th.

Texas.—El Paso, 28th; Galveston, 14th; Indianola, 14th, 15th. PRECIPITATION.

[Expressed in inches and hundredths.]

The precipitation for February, 1884, in the north Pacific coast region was 4.22 below the average. Slight deficienciesranging from 0.17 to 0.64—occurred in the Florida peninsula, west Gulf states, and southern slope. In the Rio Grande valley, where the February average for several years is 0.98, no rain fell during the month, except an inappreciable amount at Brownsville, Texas. In the south Atlantic states and middle slope the monthly precipitation was about the average. In all other districts it was above the average. Large excesses occurred in southern California, New England, the middle

Atlantic states, Ohio valley, and Tennessee. At Los Angeles, California, the monthly precipitation was 13.37, or nearly four times as great as the February average of the last twelve years. In the middle Atlantic states, New England, and the Ohio valley the excesses over the average were large and singularly uniform, being 2.59, 2.61, and 2.63 respectively; in Tennessee the excess amounted to 3.64. In the other districts where the precipitation was excessive the departures were less than 1.00, except in the lower lake region, where it was 1.30.

The general distribution of rainfall for the month of February and the districts of maximum departures from the normal in each year from 1873 to 1883, inclusive, are as follows:

Districts.	Maximum departures.	Year.	Distribution.
		1873	Deficient in the lake region, northwest, Gulf states, southern parts of Georgia and South Carolina, New York, northern Ohio, and northern New England; excessive in the northern parts of Alahama, Georgia, and South Carolina, in Tennessee, southern parts of Indiana and Ohio, Pennsylvania and southern New Jersey, Rhode Island and eastern Massachusetts and Connecticut.
		1874	Normal in the middle Atlantic states and Minnesota: deficient in the upper Mississippi valley, upper lake region, New England, and eastern Gulf states; excessive in the Missouri, Ohio and Saint Lawrence valleys, the south Atlantic and western Gulf states, and Tennessee.
Eastern Gulf states	+ 2.00 + 1.85 + 1.20 - 2.08 - 1.85 - 1.01	1875	Normal in the upper lake region; deficient in the lower lake region, Ohio and Saint Lawrence valleys, and on the Pacific coast; excessive in Minnesota, the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, Ten- nessee, Gulf states, and in the districts on the Atlantic coast.
Lower lake region	+ 2.30 + 1.60 + 1.60 - 1.00 - 0.85	1875	Normal in Minnesota and the lower Mis- souri valley; excessive in the lake region, upper Mississippi and Saint Lawrence valleys, New England, the middle At- lantic and western Gulf states; deficient in the Ohio valley, Tennesoco, and in the south Atlantic and castern Gulf states.
Portland, Oregon	+ 0.66) - 2.90 - 2.55 - 2.35 - 2.25 - 2.10	1877	Slight excess at Portland, Oregon; defi- cient in California and east of the Rocky mountains, the departures exceeding 1.00 in all districts, excepting the Mis- souri valley, Minnesota, south Atlantic and western Gulf states.
California coast Portland, Oregon Fennessee Dhio valley Saint Lawrence valley Middle Atlantic states	+ 6.12 + 5.27 - 2.18 - 1.50 - 1.33 - 1.25	1878	Normal in the upper lake region and in the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys; very large excess on the Pacific coast, and slight excess in the lower lakes and New England: deficient in Ten- nessee, the Ohio and Saint Lawrence valleys, Gulf states, and on the Atlantic coast south of New England.
Portland, Oregon	+ 5.62 + 0.45 + 0.42 - 1.60 - 1.30 - 1.20	1879	Excessive on the Pacific coast, in Minnesota, and the upper lake region; deficient in all other districts, the departures being very slight in the lower lake region, New England, and south Atlantic states.
Tennessee Saint Lawrence valley Ohio valley Portland, Oregon California coast	+ 4.54 + 2.47 + 1.55 - 2.51 - 1.77	1880	Normal in Minnesota; excessive in the lake region, upper Mississippi, Ohio, and Saint Lawrence valleys, New England, Florida, Tennessee, and the western Gulf states; deficient on the Pacific coast, in the lower Missouri valley, middle and south Atlantic and Gulf states.
Portland, Oregon	+ 4.43 + 3.09 + 2.83 + 2.83 - 1.87 - 1.58	1881	Deficient in California, the upper Missouri valley, south Atlantic states and Florida; excessive in all other districts.
Phio valley	+ 3.74 + 3.16 + 1.95 - 2.09 - 1.98 - 0.57	1882	Deficient in Florida, the Rio Grande valley, and over the region between the ninety-second meridian and the Pacific coast north of the thirty-fifth parallel; excessive in all other districts.
Ohio valley	+ 3.86 + 1.74 + 1.38 - 5.40 - 3.80 - 2.21	1883	Normal in the middle slope; deficient on the Pacific coast, in the northern and middle plateau districts, extreme north- west, and in the south Atlantic and Gulf states; excessive in all other districts.